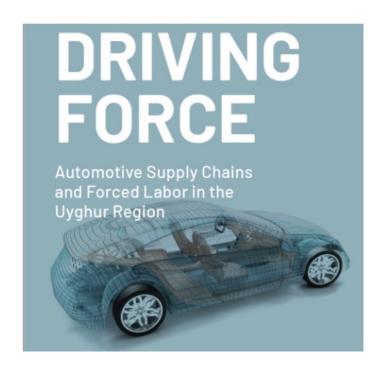


IS YOUR CAR DRIVING UYGHUR FORCED LABOR?







February 14th, 2023 – 11am ET

Agenda



- Discussion on the Driving Force Report
- Insights from the Uyghur Community
- Engaging with the Auto Sector Investor Perspective
- Panel Discussion and Q&A
- Investor Action next steps for investors

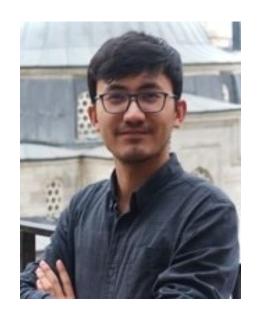
Speakers





Dr. Laura Murphy

Professor of Human Rights & Contemporary Slavery Helena Kennedy Centre, Sheffield Hallam University



Yalkun Uluyol

Ph.D. Candidate Researcher Helena Kennedy Centre, Sheffield Hallam University



Aaron Acosta

Senior Program
Associate
Investor Advocates for
Social Justice



Jewher Ilham

Uyghur Human Rights Advocate Coalition to End Uyghur Forced Labour, Spokesperson

Panelists





Dr. Kendyl Salcito
Executive Director, NomoGaia,
Adjunct Professor
University of Denver
Sturm School of Law



Mia Rabkin
Researcher
Sheffield Hallam University
Helena Kennedy Centre



Matthew Groch
Senior Director
Heavy Industry
Mighty Earth

Driving Force Report Discussion





Dr. Laura MurphyProfessor of Human Rights &
Contemporary Slavery
Helena Kennedy Centre,
Sheffield Hallam University



Yalkun Uluyol
Ph.D. Candidate
Researcher
Helena Kennedy Centre,
Sheffield Hallam University

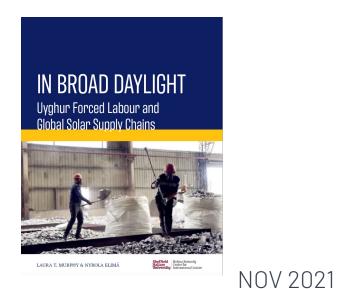






Helena Kennedy Centre for **University** International Justice

SHEFFIELD HALLAM UNIVERSITY RESEARCH ON UYGHUR FORCED LABOR



FINANCING
& GENOCIDE

Development Finance and the Crisis in the Uyghur Region

Laura T. Murphy, Kendyl Salcito, and Nyrola Ellmä

"Until nothing is left"
Chias's Stiller Corporation
and its Human Rights Violations in the Urghur Region
Amport on the Xinjung Production and Construction Corps

Lama T. Marphy, Nyrola Elima, and David Tobos
Body 2022

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DRIVING
BORNES

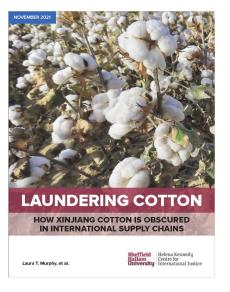
Automotive Supply Chains
and Forced Labor in the
Uyghur Region

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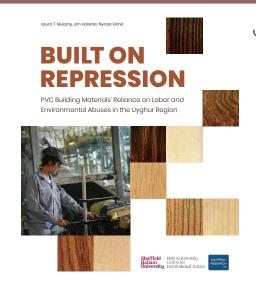
JUN 2022

NOV 2022

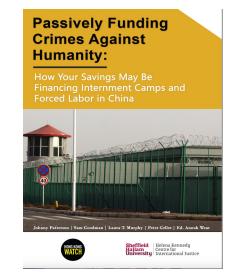
MAY 2021



FEB 2022



JUL 2022



DEC 2022

BACKGROUND

- There are approximately 12 million ethnic Uyghur and Kazakh citizens in Xinjiang Uyghur Autonomous Region (Uyghur Region)
- Over 1 million of them have been interned in camps spread across the region.
- Upwards of 3 million of them have been "transferred" for labor through a state-sponsored forced labour regime.
- Forced labor can occur in several ways:
 - within the internment camps
 - as a condition of "release"
 - in a "satellite factory" that is "on your doorstep"
 - as a transfer to a factory or farm within the Uyghur Region
 - as a transfer to a factory or farm outside the Uyghur Region

METHODS



Identification

Top manufacturers globally

Companies operating in XUAR

Companies operating a subsidiary in XUAR



Analysis

Evidence of forced labor/camps/repression

Customers and suppliers



Tracing

Within China

Out of China to international manufacturers and brands

SOURCES

Our research team is fluent in Chinese, Uyghur, and Kazakh.

We have expertise in Chinese politics, the Uyghur Region, forced labor, and supply chains.

We analyze

- customs records
- Financial filings & other corporate disclosures
- Chinese state media
- Chinese government directives
- corporate social media, publicity, websites
- satellite imagery

Date	Consignee	Consignee Cit	ignee State/R	Shipper	Shipper City	pper State/Re	HS Code	Goods Shipped	Weight (KG)
							•		
2022-09-12	Performance Tire Llc .	Katy	Texas	Chiping Xinfa Aluminous Product Co.	Liaocheng	Shandong	8708.70	ALLOY WHEELSALLOY WHEELS	19820
2022-09-10	Ns Transportation Products Llc	Marion	Ohio	Chiping Xinfa Aluminous Product Co.	Liaocheng	Shandong	8708.70	ALLOY WHEELS	14220
2022-09-09	1875413 Alberta Ltd.	Edmonton	Alberta	Chiping Xinfa Aluminous Product Co.	Liaocheng	Shandong	8708.70	ALLOY WHEELS	13280
2022-09-04	Abood Wheels			Chiping Xinfa Aluminous Product Co.	Liaocheng	Shandong	8708.70	ALLOY WHEELS	9860
2022-09-01	Strada Wheels	City of Indust	California	Chiping Xinfa Aluminous Product Co.	Liaocheng	Shandong	8708.70	ALLOY WHEELS	12260
2022-08-22	A&M Global Imp. Inc.	Glendale	California	Chiping Xinfa Aluminous Product Co.	Liaocheng	Shandong	8708.70	ALUMINIUM ALLOY WHEELS S/C: AEN225101 CY-CY VGM 154	11700
2022-08-18	Performance Tire Llc .	Katy	Texas	Chiping Xinfa Aluminous Product Co.	Liaocheng	Shandong	8708.70	ALLOY WHEELSALLOY WHEELS	21750
2022-08-11	Forgiato Inc.	Los Angeles	California	Chiping Xinfa Aluminous Product Co.	Liaocheng	Shandong	8708.70	ALLOY WHEELS THIS SHIPMENT CONTAINS NO WOOD PACKI	13840

DEFINITIONS



Workers at Guanghui Group's interiors subsidiary in the XUAR make floor mats. This factory is located in an industrial park infamous for its internment camp.

According to the ILO Forced Labour Convention of 1930, **forced or compulsory labour is**:

"all work or service which is exacted from any person under the threat of a penalty and for which the person has not offered himself or herself voluntarily."

ILO indicators include:

- abuse of vulnerability
- deception
- restriction of movement
- isolation
- physical or sexual violence
- retention of ID
- withholding of wages
- debt bondage
- abusive working conditions
- excessive overtime

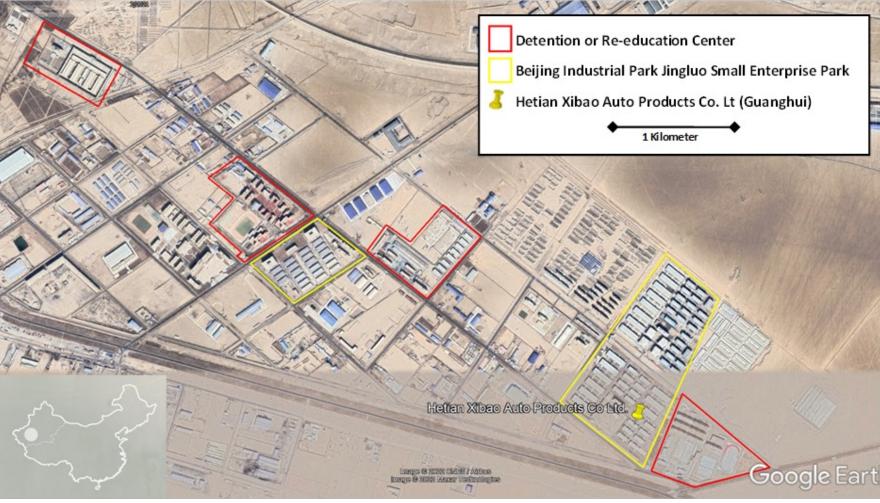
Our own research has identified additional evidence of the following:

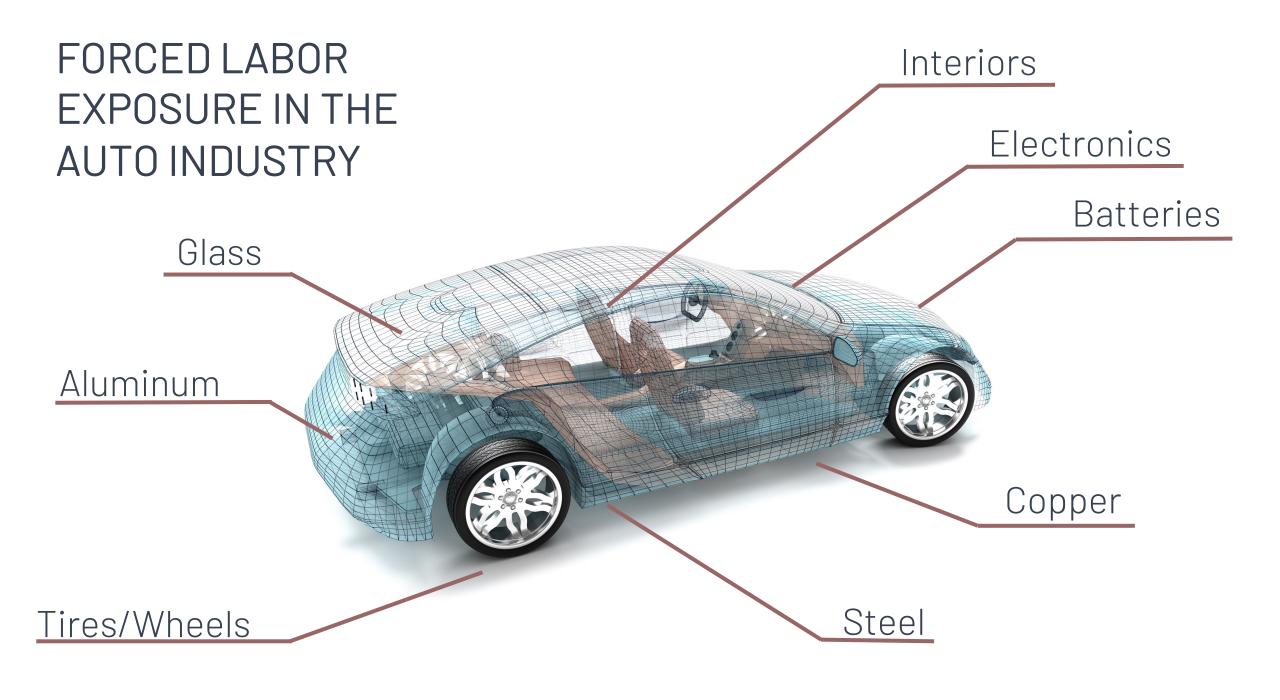
- refusal of work placement equated with terrorism/illegal behavior
- threat of internment or imprisonment
- harassment by labor agents
- state-dictated quotas for workers
- compulsory ideological training
- "militarized" discipline
- state security minders
- children and elders sent into state care
- state-signed contracts
- compulsory land transfer
- retaliation for grievances
- pandemic work transfers

GUANGHUI GROUP

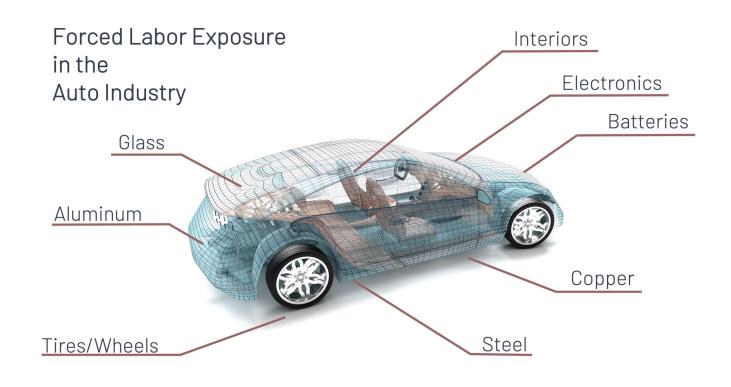








FINDINGS AT A GLANCE



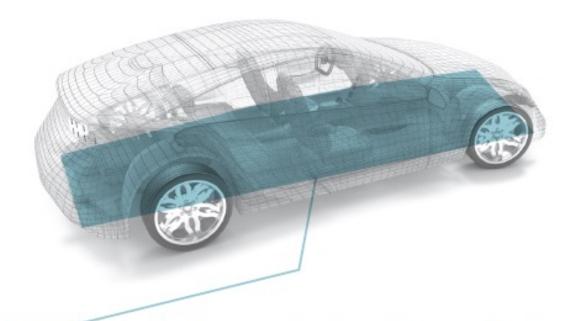
Between raw materials mining/processing and auto parts manufacturing, we found that practically every part of the car would require heightened scrutiny to ensure that it was free of Uyghur forced labor. 96 mining, processing, or manufacturing companies relevant to the automotive sector operating in the Uyghur Region, including at least 38 that have documented engagement in state-sponsored labor transfer programs.

 More than 100 international automotive parts or car manufacturers that have some exposure to forced Uyghur labor made goods.

STEEL

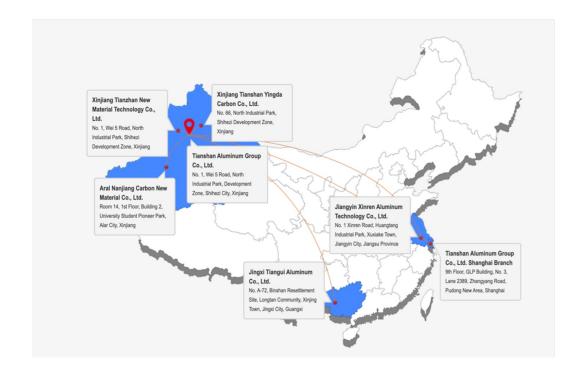


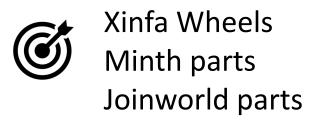


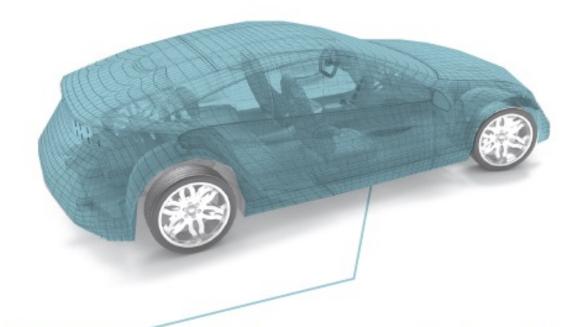


Steel: The world's biggest supplier of steel – Baowu – is also the largest steel producer in the Uyghur Region, prolifically employing forced labor through state programs. The company forced Uyghur workers to march for hours to factories during Covid lockdowns, then quarantined them on-site in sub-standard housing to keep producing steel. Baowu's Toutunhe smelter is surrounded by cottage steel industries including an array of auto parts makers that source steel from Baowu, engage in labor transfers of their own, and export directly to global markets through Urumchi's 'land port' for import/export.

ALUMINUM





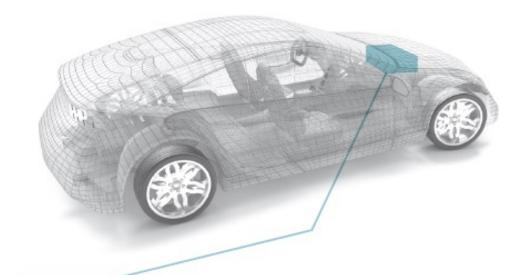


Aluminum: Today, Xinjiang's aluminum production is roughly 6.6 million tons per year, representing about a tenth of global production. The Uyghur Region produced more aluminum than India, Russia, Canada or any other major aluminum producer outside of China. Xinjiang smelters hire forced laborers directly into the sweltering and dangerous smelting rooms as well as into hazardous carbon anode manufacturing plants. Labor transfers into aluminum smelters were documented as recently as 2022.

BATTERIES







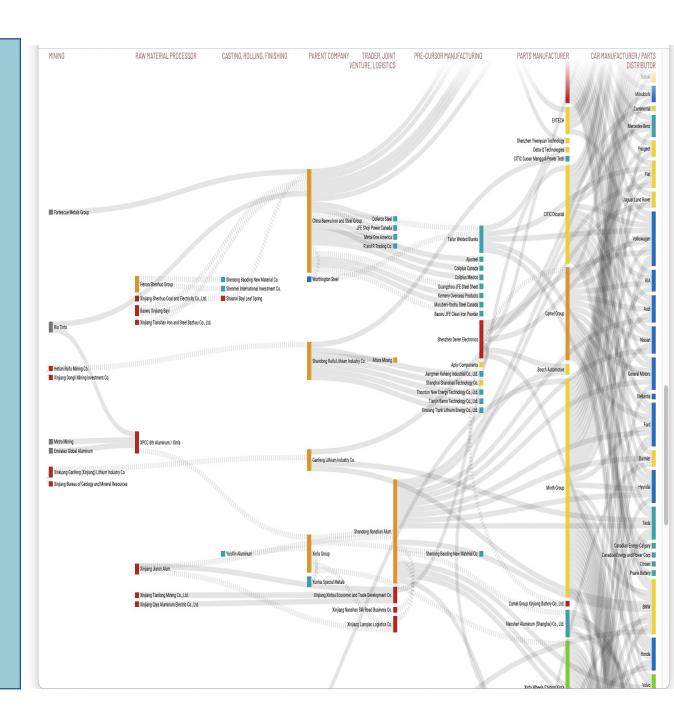
Batteries: Batteries for traditional car engines are 60% lead, by weight. Smelting lead, either though recycling or from mining, is hazardous for workers and downwind communities, which has been a major driver for closing lead smelters in Eastern China. Since 2017, the government has licensed five lead-acid battery manufacturers to smelt lead and produce batteries in the Uyghur Region. The largest of these, Camel Group, has faced sanctions for "frequent blood lead incidents." Transferred workers from southern Xinjiang were subjected state-sponsored labor transfer and to a "closed" pre-job training involving military and ideological indoctrination. EV batteries require lithium, nickel, cobalt, graphite, and manganese. China processes 60% of the world's lithium, with a growing percentage of that refining underway in Xinjiang. Xinjiang Asia-Europe Rare Metal is the largest lithium actor in the Uyghur Region, receiving "assigned" workers since at least 2017. Its partners include upstream suppliers of the world's largest lithium-ion battery producers.

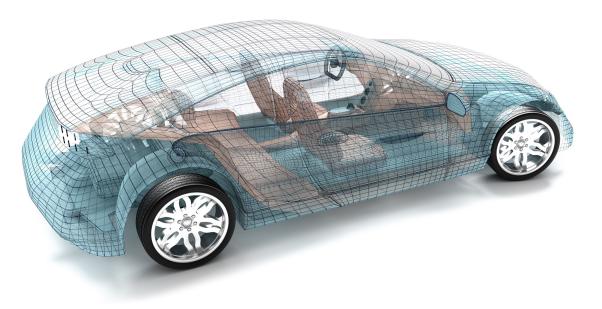
AN INDUSTRY-WIDE PROBLEM

We traced the customers of companies that mine, process, and manufacture products relevant to the automotive industry that have engaged in forced labor in the Uyghur Region.

The results were startling – practically every major traditional automotive and electric vehicle manufacturer has significant exposure to forced labor in the Uyghur Region.

The auto industry cannot wait another day to trace their supply chains back to the raw materials. To do anything short of full tracing would be an enormous legal, ethical, and reputational risk.





No audit or tracing of a sanctioned product is entirely reliable in China

FIRST STEPS FOR INDUSTRY ACTION (in development)

Immediately cease all sourcing from

- Baowu Steel's ultra-low carbon steel
- Xinfa aluminum products
- Tianshan aluminum products
- Shenhuo aluminum products
- Joinworld aluminum products
- Dushanzi Petrochemical
- Hoshine/Hesheng Silicon Industry
- Guanghui Group

Use economic leverage to encourage suppliers to end sourcing from XUAR:

- Minth, Jingwei Group/Wikaway, and other must stop sourcing from XUAR
- CATL, Ganfeng, Camel, Double Coin, Xinfa must shutter XUAR holdings/projects
- Electronics companies that have employed labor transfers (Joyson, OFILM, JWD, Avary, Deren) must commit to exiting program

Any refusal to end XUAR sourcing should trigger a termination in supply contracts

RECOMMENDATIONS TO GOVERNMENTS

- Pass and enforce mandatory human rights due diligence, applicable across the supply chain, for companies of all sizes and sectors.
- 2. Pass and enforce an import ban for all products linked to forced labor.
- 3. Identify the automotive sector as a priority for the implementation of forced labor import bans.

RECOMMENDATIONS TO CAR COMPANIES

- 1. Conduct or commission their own supply chain mapping
- 2. Cease sourcing all products mined, made, or manufactured, in whole or in part, in the Uyghur Region
- 3. Publicly report on findings of supply chain links to the XUAR to facilitate knowledge of supply chain risks across the automotive industry
- 4. Do not rely on attestation, industry certification, or audits as evidence that suppliers are free from links to forced labor in the XUAR
- 5. Collaborate with raw metals industries and industry associations to implement reparations to Uyghurs and other minoritized populations in the diaspora

DRIVING FORCE

Automotive Supply Chains and Forced Labor in the Uyghur Region



Contact:

Professor Laura T. Murphy Sheffield Hallam University <u>Laura.murphy@shu.ac.uk</u>

Dr. Kendyl Salcito NomoGaia salcito@nomogaia.org





Uyghur Community Voice





Jewher Ilham
Uyghur Human Rights Advocate
Coalition to End Uyghur Forced Labour, Spokesperson

Investor Perspective





Aaron Acosta
Senior Program Associate
Investor Advocates for Social Justice



Driving Force Presentation

Aaron Acosta

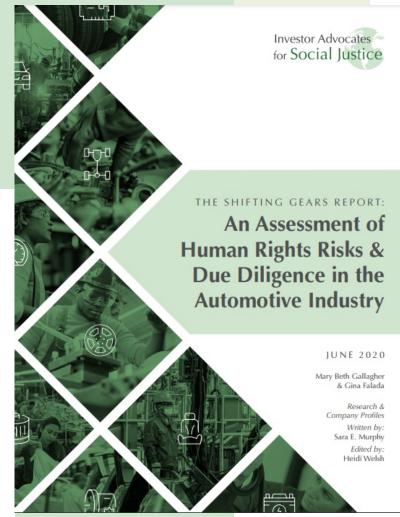
Investor Advocates for Social Justice (IASJ)

- Who we are
- What we do
- Shifting Gears
 - child labor and forced labor in supply chain



Shifting Gears Part I

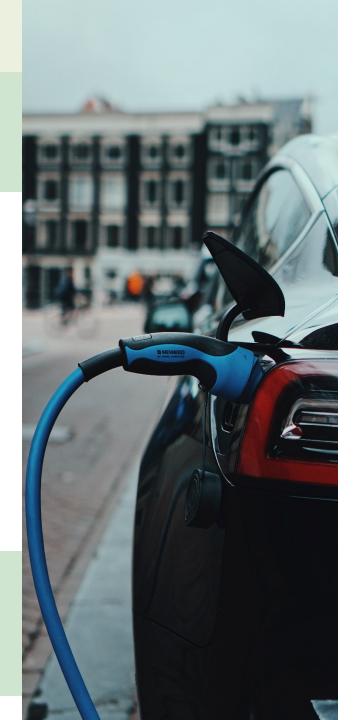
- Human rights due diligence in the automotive supply chain
- 23 companies
- Uyghur and other ethnic minority forced labor (ASPI)
- Investor letters to GM and Volkswagen



Shifting Gears, Part II

- Human rights in the EV supply chain
- Critical minerals and human rights
- **XUAR Focus**
- Blogs and Investor Letters
- Floor Proposal

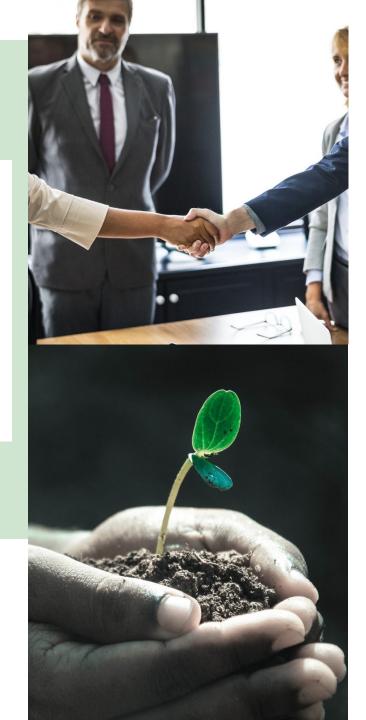




Lessons and Opportunities

- Multistakeholder collaboration
- Leveraging research
- Leveraging political and regulatory momentum





Panelists





Dr. Kendyl Salcito
Executive Director, NomoGaia,
Adjunct Professor
University of Denver
Sturm School of Law



Mia Rabkin
Researcher
Sheffield Hallam University
Helena Kennedy Centre



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Heavy Industry
Mighty Earth



Questions?

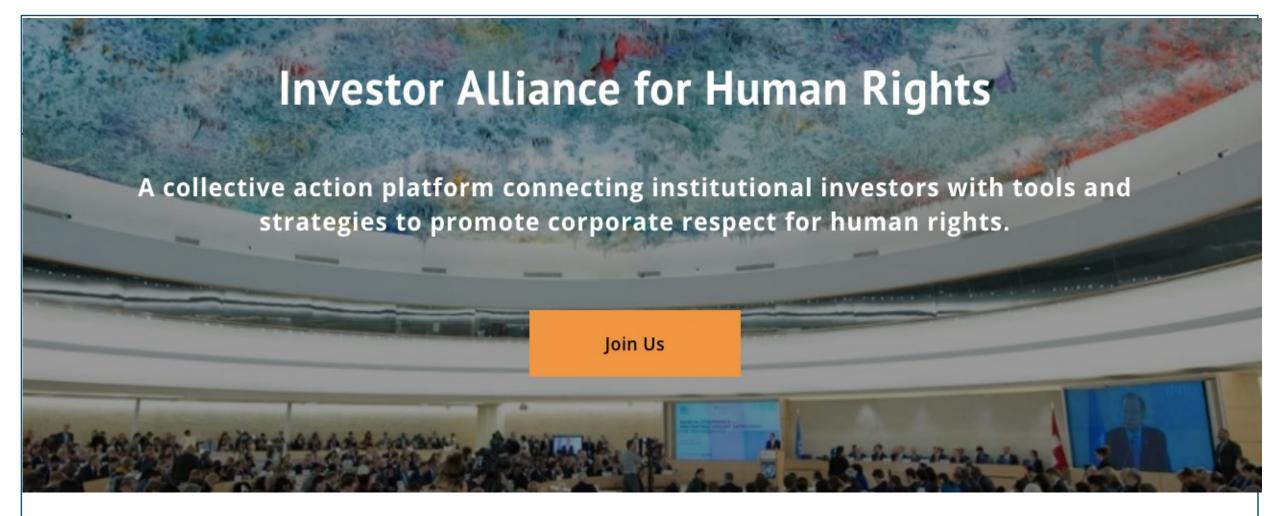


- Join our Uyghur Region Investor Engagement Group
 - 60 investors engaging across 8 sectors
 - Coordinated collective engagement with over 60 companies
 - New engagement on automotive sector t be launched
 - Join our quarterly calls (next call Feb 21st at 11am ET)
- Refer to our <u>Investor Guidance</u>
- Please contact Anita Dorett at <u>adorett@iccr.org</u> for further information





Thank You!



Sign up to become a member: https://bit.ly/2IOYDA9

For more information, contact: adorett@iccr.org